

MODULES IN ANGULARJS

- An AngularJS supports modular approach.
- The module is a container for the different parts like [services](#), [controllers](#), [filters](#), etc., of an application.
- The [angular.module](#) function is used to create a module in AngularJS.
- The [ng-controller](#) directive is used to add a controller to a module.
- AngularJS allows the user can use the module to add their own directives to their applications.
- AngularJS has a set of built-in [directives](#) which you can use to add functionality to your application.
- Global function should be avoided in JavaScript. Because it can be easily overwriting or destroyed by other scripts.
- User can load the AngularJS library JS file either in the [`<head>`](#) or at the start of the [`<body>`](#).

Syntax for creating a Module in AngularJS

```
var variableName = angular.module (moduleName, []);
```

Sample coding for Module in AngularJS:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title> Wikitechy AngularJS Tutorials</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h2>Wikitechy Modules in AngularJS</h2>
        <script
            src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/
            angularjs/1.4.8/angular.min.js">
        </script>
        <div ng-app="myApp" ng-controller="moduleCtrl">
            {{firstWord + " " + secondWord+ " "+thirdWord}}
        </div>
        <script>
            var app = angular.module ("myApp", [ ]);
            app.controller ("moduleCtrl", function($scope) {
                $scope.firstWord = "Welcome";
                $scope.secondWord = "To";
                $scope.thirdWord = "AngularJS Tutorials";
            });
        </script>
    </body>
</html>
```



Data:

- Collection of data has been defined using firstWord, secondWord and thirdWord for our AngularJS Application.

```
firstWord = "Welcome";  
secondWord = "To";  
thirdWord = "AngularJS Tutorials";
```

Logic:

- Controller logic for the AngularJS application.

```
apps.controller ("moduleCtrl", function($scope)  
{  
    $scope.firstWord = "Welcome";  
    $scope.secondWord = "To";  
    $scope.thirdWord = "AngularJS Tutorials";  
}
```

HTML:

- Viewable HTML contents in AngularJS Application.

```
<div ng-app="myApp" ng-controller="moduleCtrl">  
    {{firstWord +" "+ secondWord+" "+thirdWord}}  
</div>
```



Code Explanation for Modules in AngularJS:

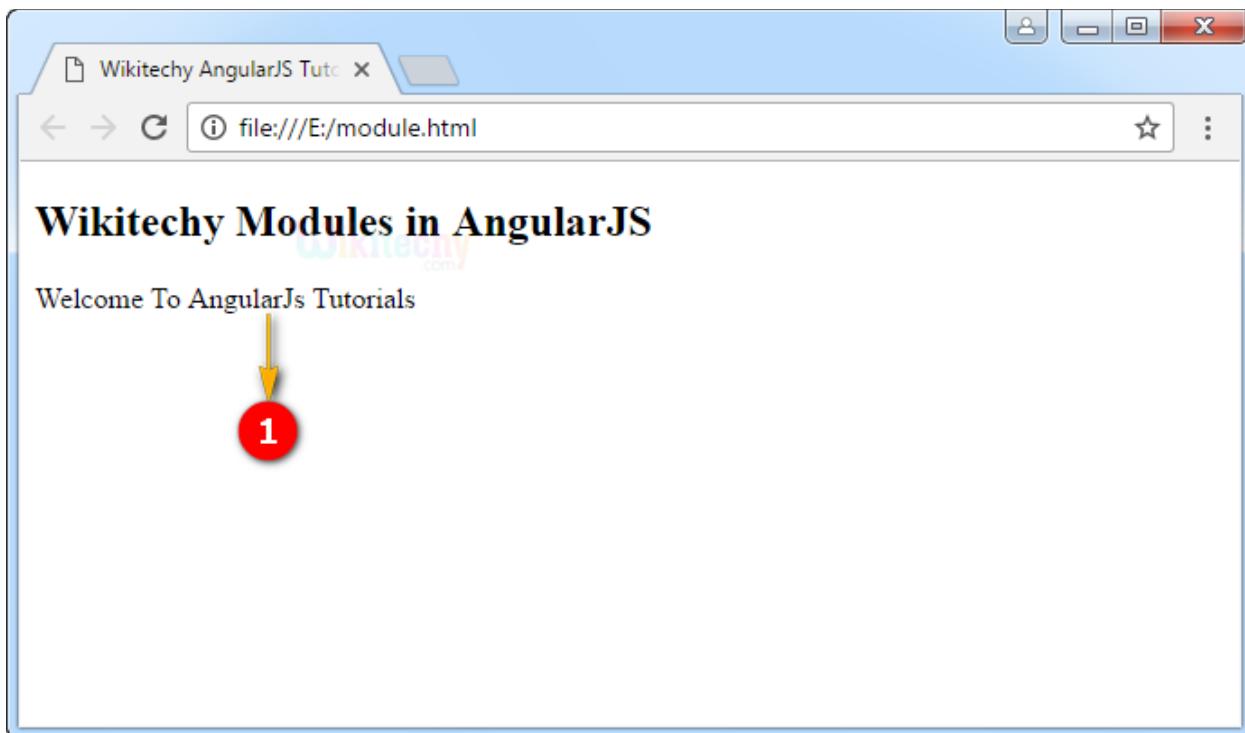
```

<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
    <head>
        <title> Wikitechy AngularJS Tutorials</title>
    </head>
    <body>
        <h2>Wikitechy Modules in AngularJS</h2>
        <script>
            1-----src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/
            angularjs/1.4.8/angular.min.js">
            </script> 2-----<div ng-app="myApp" ng-controller="moduleCtrl">
            4-----{{ firstWord + " " + secondWord+ " "+thirdWord }}
            </div>
            <script>
                var app = angular.module("myApp", []);
                6-----app.controller("moduleCtrl", function($scope)
                    {
                        8-----$scope.firstWord = "Welcome";
                        $scope.secondWord = "To";
                        $scope.thirdWord = "AngularJs Tutorials";
                    });
                </script>
            </body>
        </html>
    
```

1. AngularJS is distributed as a JavaScript file, and can be added to a HTML page with a `<script>` tag.
2. The AngularJS application is defined by `ng-app="myApp"`. The application runs inside the `<div>` tag. It's also used to define a `<div>` tag as a root element.

3. The ng-controller=“**moduleCtrl**” is an AngularJS directive. It is used to assign a controller name as “**moduleCtrl**”.
4. {{firstWord+” “+secondWord+” “+thirdWord}} is a string concatenation code of the **myApp** application for AngularJS. The {{ }} is used to bind the value of the application variable.
5. Here we create an module by using **angular.module** function. We have passed an empty array to it.
6. Here we have declared a controller **moduleCtrl** module using **apps.controller()** function.
7. The value of the controller modules is stored in scope object. In AngularJS, **\$scope** is passed as first argument to **apps.controller** during its constructor definition.
8. Here we have set the value of **\$scope.firstWord**, **\$scope.secondWord** and **\$scope.thirdWord** which are to be used to display the {{firstWord+” “+secondWord+” “+thirdWord}} values in the HTML<div> element.

Sample Output for Modules in AngularJS :



1. The output shows a concatenation of a three string **`{{firstWord+ " "+secondWord+ " "+ thirdWord}}.`**