

transform() METHOD IN HTML5 CANVAS

- The **transform()** is the method of HTML CANVAS.
- The **transform()** method is used to transform the current diagram by using the transformation matrix like an identity matrix.
- The **transform()** method is used to scale, rotate, move, and skew the diagram.

Syntax for transform() Method in HTML5 Canvas:

```
context.transform(a,b,c,d,e,f);
```

Parameter Values for transform() method in HTML5 Canvas::

Parameter	Description
a	Horizontal scaling
b	Horizontal skewing
c	Vertical skewing
d	Vertical scaling
e	Horizontal moving
f	Vertical moving

Sample Coding for transform() Method in HTML5 Canvas:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>wikitechy-transform()in canvas</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>wikitechy-transform() in canvas</h1>
    <canvas id="wikitechyCanvas" width="300" height="150"
    style="border:1px solid #d3d3d3;">
    </canvas>
    <script>
      var canvas = document.getElementById("wikitechyCanvas");
      var context = canvas.getContext("2d");

      context.fillStyle = "purple";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 200);

      context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);
      context.fillStyle = "pink";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 200);

      context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);
      context.fillStyle = "green";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 100);
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

Code Explanation for transform() Method in HTML5 Canvas:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>wikitechy-transform() in canvas</title>
  </head>
  <body>
    <h1>wikitechy-transform() in canvas</h1>

    <canvas id="wikitechyCanvas" width="300" height="150"
      style="border:1px solid #d3d3d3;">
    </canvas>
    <script>
      var canvas = document.getElementById("wikitechyCanvas");
      var context = canvas.getContext("2d");

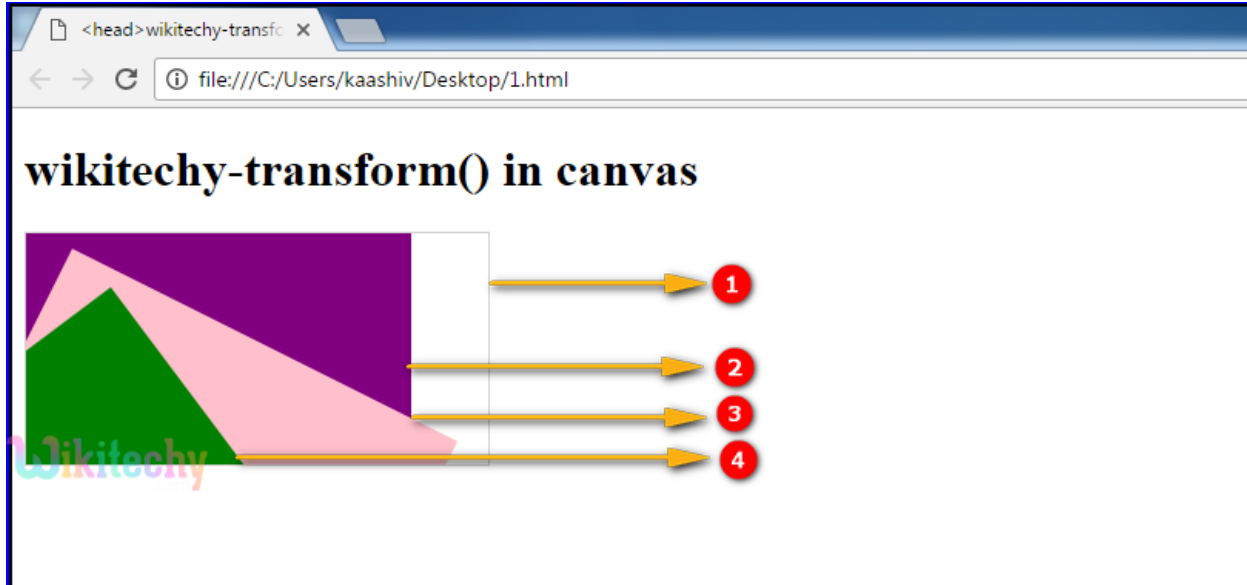
      context.fillStyle = "purple";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 200);

      context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);
      context.fillStyle = "pink";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 200);

      context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);
      context.fillStyle = "green";
      context.fillRect(0, 0, 250, 100);
    </script>
  </body>
</html>
```

1. "**wikitechyCanvas**" is used to declare the id value of the canvas tag.
2. The **getElementById()** method is used to get the element with the specific id ("**wikitechyCanvas**").
3. **canvas.getContext("2d")** method returns an object that provides methods and properties for drawing on the canvas.
4. The **context.fillStyle()** method is used to fillStyle of a diagram (purple color rectangular box).
5. The **context.fillRect()** method is used to draws a "filled" rectangle **(0,0,250,200)** in (x0,y0,x1,y1).
6. The **context.transform()** method is used to "transform" a diagram **(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10)**; in (a,b,c,d,e,f).
7. The **context.fillStyle()** method is used to fillstyle of a diagram (pink color rectangular box).
8. The **context.fillRect()** method is used to draws a "filled" rectangle **(0,0,250,200)** (x0,y0,x1,y1).
9. The **context.transform()** method is used to "transform" a diagram **(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10)**; (a,b,c,d,e,f).
10. The **context.fillStyle()** method is used to fillstyle of a diagram (green color rectangular box).
11. The **context.fillRect()** method is used to draws a "filled" rectangle **(0, 0, 250, 100)**; in (x0,y0,x1,y1).

Output for transform() Method in HTML5 Canvas:



1. `<canvas>` tag is used to draw a rectangle with gray border.
2. The rectangle is drawn with this parameter `(0,0,250,200)` and filled with purple color
3. The rectangle is drawn with this parameter `(0,0,250,250)` and filled with pink color
 - `context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);`
4. The rectangle is drawn with this parameter `(0,0,250,100)` and filled with green color
 - `context.transform(1, 0.5, -0.5, 1, 30, 10);`

Browser Support for transform() Method in HTML5 Canvas:

Browser	Support
Chrome	Yes
Internet explorer / Edge	9.0
Firefox	Yes
Safari	Yes
Opera	Yes

Tips and Notes :

- The setTransform() method does not behave relatively to other transformations.